Annual Environmental Report





Summerhill

D0259-01

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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AND INTRODUCTION TO THE 2022 AER

This Annual Environmental Report has been prepared for D0259-01, Summerhill, in Meath in accordance with the requirements of the wastewater discharge licence for the agglomeration. Specified reports where relevant are included as an appendix to the AER.

1.1 ANNUAL STATEMENT OF MEASURES

A summary of any improvements undertaken is provided where applicable.

There were no capital works, significant changes or operational changes undertaken in 2022.

1.2 TREATMENT SUMMARY

The agglomeration is served by a wastewater treatment plant(s)

• Summerhill WWTP with a Plant Capacity PE of 3000, the treatment type is 3P - Tertiary P removal.

1.3 ELV OVERVIEW

The overall compliance of the final effluent with the Emission Limit Values (ELVs) is shown below. More detailed information on the below ELV's can be found in Section 2.

| Discharge Point Reference | Treatment Plant | Discharge Type | Compliance Status | Parameters failing if relevant |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| TPEFF2300D0259SW001 | Summerhill WWTP | Treated | Compliant | N/A |

1.4 LICENCE SPECIFIC REPORTING

Assessment / Report

Small Stream Risk Score Assessment

2 TREATMENT PLANT PERFORMANCE AND IMPACT SUMMARY

2.1 SUMMERHILL WWTP - TREATED DISCHARGE

2.1.1 INFLUENT MONITORING SUMMARY - SUMMERHILL WWTP

A summary of influent monitoring for the treatment plant is presented below. This monitoring is primarily undertaken in order to determine the overall efficiency of the plant in removing pollutants from the raw wastewater.

| Parameters | Number of Samples | Annual Max | Annual Mean | |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------|--|
| COD-Cr mg/l | 12 | 1145 | 400 | |
| Total Phosphorus (as P) mg/l | 12 | 12 | 4.64 | |
| BOD, 5 days with Inhibition (Carbonaceous) mg/I | 12 | 706 | 213 | |
| Ammonia-Total (as N) mg/l | 6 | 53 | 27 | |
| Suspended Solids mg/l | 12 | 995 | 172 | |
| ortho-Phosphate (as P) - unspecified mg/l | 6 | 7.56 | 3.36 | |
| Total Nitrogen mg/l | 12 | 71 | 31 | |
| Hydraulic Capacity | N/A | 1136 | 364 | |

If other inputs in the form of sludge / leachate are added to the WWTP then these are included in Section 2.1.5 if applicable.

Significance of Results:

The annual mean hydraulic loading is less than the peak Treatment Plant Capacity. The annual maximum hydraulic loading is less than the peak Treatment Plant Capacity. Further details on the plant capacity and efficiency can be found under the sectional 'Operational Performance Summary'. The design of the wastewater treatment plant allows for peak values and therefore the peak loads have not impacted on compliance with Emission Limit Values.

2.1.2 EFFLUENT MONITORING SUMMARY - TPEFF2300D0259SW001

| Parameter | WWDL ELV (Schedule A) | ELV with Condition 2 Interpretation included ^{Note 1} | Interim % reduction from influent concentration | Number of sample results | Number of exceedances | Number of exceedances with Condition 2 Interpretation included | Annual Mean | Overall Compliance (Pass/Fail) |
|--|--------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| COD-Cr mg/l | 125 | 250 | N/A | 12 | N/A | N/A | 19 | Pass |
| Suspended Solids mg/l | 35 | 87.5 | N/A | 12 | N/A | N/A | 4.73 | Pass |
| pH pH units | 6.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 N/A 12 | | N/A | N/A | 7.73 | Pass |
| BOD, 5 days with Inhibition (Carbonaceous) mg/I | 5.00 | 10 | N/A | 12 | N/A | N/A | 2.03 | Pass |
| Ammonia-Total (as N) mg/l | 1.00 | 2.00 | N/A | 12 | 1 | N/A | 0.067 | Pass |
| ortho-Phosphate (as P) - unspecified mg/l | 0.500 | 0.600 | N/A | 12 | N/A | N/A | 0.082 | Pass |
| Total Nitrogen mg/l | N/A | N/A | N/A | 6 | N/A | N/A | 6.46 | |

| Parameter | WWDL ELV (Schedule A) | ELV with Condition 2 Interpretation included ^{Note 1} | Interim % reduction from influent concentration | Number of sample results | Number of exceedances | Number of exceedances with Condition 2 Interpretation included | Annual Mean | Overall Compliance (Pass/Fail) |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Total Phosphorus (as P) mg/l | N/A | N/A | N/A | 6 | N/A | N/A | 0.182 | |

Notes:

1 – This represents the Emission Limit Values after the Interpretation provided for under Condition 2 of the licence is applied 2 – For pH the WWDA specifies a range of pH 6 - 9

Cause of Exceedance(s):

Not applicable

Significance of Results:

The WWTP is compliant with the ELV's set in the Wastewater Discharge Licence.

2.1.3 AMBIENT MONITORING SUMMARY FOR THE TREATMENT PLANT DISCHARGE TPEFF2300D0259SW001

A summary of monitoring from ambient monitoring points associated with the wastewater discharge is provided in the sections below. For discharges to rivers upstream (U/S) and downstream (D/S) location data is provided. For other ambient points in lakes, coastal or transitional waters, monitoring data from the most appropriate monitoring station is selected.

The table below provides details of ambient monitoring locations and details of any designations as sensitive areas.

| Ambient Monitoring Point from WWDL (or as agreed with EPA) | Irish Grid Reference | River Station Code | Bathing Water | Drinking Water | FWPM | Shellfish | WFD Ecological Status |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Upstream | 285788, 248965 | RS07K020200 | No | No | No | No | Poor |
| Downstream | 283268, 250875 | RS07K020300 | No | No | No | No | Poor |

The table below provides a summary of monitoring results for designated ambient monitoring points. The upstream and downstream annual mean values are shown (mg/l), and the difference between both monitoring stations is given as a percentage of the Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) where relevant.

| Parameter Name | Upstream Monitoring Point Location | Upstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean | Downstream Monitoring Point Location | Downstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean | EQS | % of EQS |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|-------|-------------|
| BOD - 5 days (Total) mg/l | | 1.55 | RS07K020300 | 1.34 | 1.50 | -14.5 |
| Ammonia-Total (as N) mg/l | RS07K020200 | 0.081 | RS07K020300 | 0.087 | 0.065 | 9.9 |
| ortho-Phosphate (as P) - unspecified mg/l | RS07K020200 | 0.121 | RS07K020300 | 0.098 | 0.035 | -66.3 |
| Total Nitrogen mg/l | RS07K020200 | 2.18 | RS07K020300 | 2.55 | N/A | |

| Parameter Name | Upstream Monitoring Point Location | Upstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean | Downstream Monitoring Point Location | Downstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean | EQS | % of EQS |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|-----|-------------|
| Dissolved Oxygen mg/l | RS07K020200 | 9.76 | RS07K020300 | 10 | N/A | |
| Dissolved Oxygen % Saturation | RS07K020200 | 84 | RS07K020300 | 89 | N/A | |
| pH pH units | RS07K020200 | 8.03 | RS07K020300 | 8.06 | N/A | |

Significance of Results:

The WWTP discharge was compliant with the ELV's set in the wastewater discharge licence.

The ambient monitoring results do not meet the required EQS at the upstream and the downstream monitoring locations. The EQS relates to the Oxygenation and Nutrient Conditions set out in the Surface Water Regulations 2009.

Based on ambient monitoring results a deterioration in Ammonia concentration downstream of the effluent discharge is noted.

A deterioration in water quality has been identified, however it is not known if it is or is not caused by the WWTP.

As per the 3rd Cycle Draft Boyne Catchment Report (HA 07), the significant pressures on the Knightsbrook_020 waterbody is Agriculture.

The discharge from the wastewater treatment plant does not have an observable negative impact on the Water Framework Directive status.

2.1.4 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY - SUMMERHILL WWTP

2.1.4.1 Treatment Efficiency Report - Summerhill WWTP

Treatment efficiency is based on the removal of key pollutants from the influent wastewater by the treatment plant. In essence the calculation is based on the balance of load coming into the plant versus the load leaving the plant. The efficiency is presented as a percentage removal rate.

A summary presentation of the efficiency of the treatment process including information for all the parameters specified in the licence is included below:

| Parameter | Influent mass loading (kg/year) | Effluent mass emission (kg/year) | Efficiency (% reduction of influent load) | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| SS | 20957 | 486 | 98 | | |
| cBOD | 25888 | 209 | 99 | | |
| TN | 3836 | 645 | 83 | | |
| ТР | 566 | 18 | 97 | | |
| COD | 48675 | 2002 | 96 | | |

Note: The above data is based on sample results for the number of dates reported

2.1.4.2 Treatment Capacity Report Summary - Summerhill WWTP

Treatment capacity is an assessment of the hydraulic (flow) and organic (the amount of pollutants) load a treatment plant is designed to treat versus the current loading of that plant.

| Summerhill WWTP | | | | |
|---|------|--|--|--|
| Peak Hydraulic Capacity (m³/day) - As Constructed | 2025 | | | |
| DWF to the Treatment Plant (m³/day) | 675 | | | |
| Current Hydraulic Loading - annual max (m³/day) | 1136 | | | |
| Average Hydraulic loading to the Treatment Plant (m³/day) | | | | |
| Organic Capacity (PE) - As Constructed | | | | |
| Organic Capacity (PE) - Collected Load (peak week) ^{Note1} | 1077 | | | |
| Organic Capacity (PE) - Remaining | | | | |
| Will the capacity be exceeded in the next three years? (Yes/No) | No | | | |

Nominal design capacities can be based on conservative design principles. In some cases assessment of existing plants has shown organic capacities significantly higher than the nominal design capacity. Accordingly plants that appear to be overloaded when comparing a collected peak load with the nominal design capacity can be fully compliant due to the safety factors in the original design.

2.1.5 SLUDGE / OTHER INPUTS - SUMMERHILL WWTP

'Other inputs' to the waste water treatment plant are summarised in table below

| Input type | Quantity | Unit | P.E. | % of load to WWTP | Included in Influent Monitoring (Y/N)? | Is there a leachate/sludge acceptance procedure for the WWTP? | Is there a dedicated leachate/sludge acceptance facility for the WWTP? (Y/N) | | | | |
|---------------|--|------|------|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| There is | There is no Sludge and Other Input data for the Treatment Plant included in the AER. | | | | | | | | | | |

3 COMPLAINTS AND INCIDENTS

3.1 COMPLAINTS SUMMARY

A summary of complaints of an environmental nature related to the discharge(s) to water from the WWTP and network is included below.

| Number of Complaints | Nature of Complaint | Number Open Complaints | Number Closed Complaints |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| There were no relevant environme | ental complaints in 2022. | | |

3.2 REPORTED INCIDENTS SUMMARY

Environmental incidents that arise in an agglomeration are reported on an on-going basis in accordance with our waste water discharge licences. Where an incident occurs and it is reportable under the licence, it is reported to the Environmental Protection Agency through their Environmental Data Exchange Network, or in some instances by telephone. Some incidents which arise in the agglomeration are recorded by Uisce Éireann but may not be reportable under our licence for example where the incident does not have an impact on environmental performance.

A summary of reported incidents is included below.

3.2.1 SUMMARY OF INCIDENTS

| Incident Type | Cause | No. of incident occurrences | Recurring (Y/N) | Closed (Y/N) |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| There were no reportable | incidents in 20 | 22. | | |

3.2.2 SUMMARY OF OVERALL INCIDENTS

| Question | Answer |
|--|--------|
| Number of Incidents in 2022 | 0 |
| Number of Incidents reported to the EPA via EDEN in 2022 | 0 |
| Explanation of any discrepancies between the two numbers above | N/A |

4 INFRASTRUCTURAL ASSESSMENTS AND PROGRAMME OF IMPROVEMENTS

4.1 STORM WATER OVERFLOW IDENTIFICATION AND INSPECTION REPORT

A summary of the operation of the storm water overflows and their significance where known is included below:

4.1.1 SWO IDENTIFICATION

| WWDL Name / Code for Storm Water Overflow (chamber) where applicable | Irish Grid Ref. (outfall) | Included in Schedule of the WWDL | Significance of the overflow(High / Medium / Low) | Assessed against DoEHLG Criteria | No. of times activated in 2022 (No. of events) | Total volume discharged in 2022 (m³) | Monitoring Status |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------|
| SW2 | 284910 249401 | Yes | Low Significance | Meeting Criteria | 0 | 0 | Monitored |

Any TBC SWO(s) were identified as part of the on-going National SWO programme and will be updated in subsequent AER(s) once the information is confirmed.

| SWO Summary | |
|---|-----|
| How much sewage was discharged via monitored SWOs in the agglomeration in the year (m ³)? | 0 |
| Is each SWO identified as not meeting DoEHLG Guidance included in the Programme of Improvements? | N/A |
| The SWO Assessment included the requirements of relevant of WWDL schedules? | Yes |
| Have the EPA been advised of any additional SWOs / changes to Schedule C3 and A4 under Condition 1.7? | N/A |

4.2 REPORT ON PROGRESS MADE AND PROPOSALS BEING DEVELOPED TO MEET THE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME REQUIREMENTS

4.2.1 SPECIFIED IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME SUMMARY

A wastewater discharge licence may require a number of reports on specific subject areas to be prepared for the agglomeration in question. These reports are submitted to the EPA as part of the Annual Environmental Report. This section provides a list of the various reports required for this agglomeration and a brief summary of their recommendations.

| Specified Improvement Programmes (under Schedule A and C of WWDL) | Description | Licence Schedule | Licence Completion Date | Date Expired? (N/NA/Y) | Status of Works | Timeframe for Completing the Work | Comments |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| D0259-SIP:01 | Assessment of the options to reduce the impact of the primary discharge on the Cloneymeath River in accordance with Condition 5.2(d) | С | 28/02/2013 | Yes | Not Started | | Capital works not funded in RC3. Capital works funding post 2024 will be contingent on the project being included in the 2025-2029 investment period. |

A summary of the status of any other improvements identified by under Condition 5 assessments- is included below.

4.2.2 IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME SUMMARY

| Improvement | Improvement Description / or any Operational | Improvement | Expected Completion | Comments |
|--|--|-------------|---------------------|----------|
| Identifier | Improvements | Source | Date | |
| No additional improvements planned at this time. | | | | |

4.2.3 SEWER INTEGRITY RISK ASSESSMENT

The utilisation of multiple capital maintenance programmes and the outputs of the workshops with the Local Authority Operations Staff held under the programme can be used to satisfy the requirements of Condition 5 regarding network integrity. Improvement works identified by way of these programmes and workshops will be included in the Improvements Summary Tables 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

5 LICENCE SPECIFIC REPORTS

A wastewater discharge licence may require a number of reports on specific subject areas to be prepared for the agglomeration in question. These reports are submitted to the EPA as part of the Annual Environmental Report. This section provides a list of the various reports required for this agglomeration and a brief summary of their recommendations.

| Licence Specific Report | Required by licence | Year included in AER | Included in this AER |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Priority Substances Assessment | Yes | 2014 | No |
| Small Stream Risk Score Assessment | Yes | 2017 | Yes |

6 CERTIFICATION AND SIGN OFF

6.1 SUMMARY OF AER CONTENTS

| Parameter | Answer |
|--|--|
| Does the AER include an Executive Summary? | Yes |
| Does the AER include an assessment of the performance of the Waste Water Works (i.e. have the results of assessments been interpreted against WWDL requirements and or Environmental Quality Standards)? | Yes |
| Is there a need to advise the EPA for Consideration of a Technical Amendment/Review of the Licence? | No |
| List reason e.g. additional SWO identified | N/A |
| Is there a need to request/advise the EPA of any modification to the existing WWDL with respect to condition 4 changes to monitoring location, frequency etc | Yes |
| List reason e.g. changes to monitoring requirements | Ambient Monitoring Location Changes |
| Have these processes commenced? | No |
| Are all outstanding reports and assessments from previous AERs included as an appendix to this AER | N/A |

I certify that the information given in this Annual Environmental Report is truthful, accurate and complete:

Date: 29/03/2023

This AER has been produced by Uisce Éireann's Environmental Information System (EIMS) and has been electronically signed off in that system for and on behalf of,

Eleanor Roche

Acting Head of Environmental Regulation.

7 APPENDIX

Appendix

Appendix 7.1 - Small Stream Risk Score Assessment



Summerhill, Co. Meath: Small-Streams Risk Score (SSRS)

Report for Meath County Council

October 2022

John T. Brophy

Summerhill, Co. Meath: Small-Streams Risk Score (SSRS)

Report prepared for:

Meath County Council, Buvinda House, Dublin Road Navan, Co. Meath.

October 2022



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DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

| Client | Meath County Council |
|----------------|--|
| Project title | Summerhill SSRS |
| Project number | PRJ335 |
| Document title | Summerhill Small-Streams Risk Score (SSRS) |
| Citation | Brophy, J.T. (2022) Summerhill Small-Streams Risk Score (SSRS). Unpublished Report by BEC Consultants Ltd. |

| Author(s) | Reviewed by | Approved by | Version | Issue date |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------|
| John T. Brophy B.A., M.Sc., MCIEEM, CEcol. | Jim Martin PhD, MCIEEM | Jim Martin PhD, MCIEEM | V1.0 | 07/10/2022 |
| | | | | |

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1 Background

BEC Consultants Ltd was contracted to carry out macroinvertebrate sampling on the Cloneymeath River and calculate a Small-Streams Risk Score (SSRS) for two samples taken upstream and downstream of Summerhill Waste Water Works, Summerhill, Co. Meath.

2 Methods

Two samples were taken on the Cloneymeath River, one upstream (u/s) and one downstream (d/s) of the Summerhill Waste Water Works discharge location by John Brophy of BEC Consultants, who is an EPA-registered SSRS assessor, on 3 October 2022 following the SSRS field methodology (Anon. 2009). The samples were taken using a standard hand-net and the SSRS calculated following the methods set out in the 'Small Streams Risk Score (SSRS) Training Manual' (Anon., 2009).

3 Results

The SSRS groups and taxa recorded from the upstream (u/s) and downstream (d/s) sample stations, with their relative abundances, are presented in Table 1 and Table 2, respectively. No Group 1 or Group 2 taxa were recorded at either sample station.

| Group | Taxon | Relative abundance (1-5) |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Group 1 Ephemeroptera | - | - |
| Group 2 Plecoptera | - | - |
| Group 3 Trichoptera | Sericostomatidae | 1 |
| Group 4 G.O.L.D. | Tubificidae | 1 |
| | Chironomidae | 1 |
| | Chironomus | 2 |
| Group 5 Asellus | Asellus | Common/Numerous |

Table 1. SSRS groups and taxa from the upstream (u/s) sample station on the Cloneymeath River,Summerhill, Co. Meath taken on 3 October 2022.

Table 2. SSRS groups and taxa from the downstream (d/s) sample station on the Cloneymeath River, Summerhill, Co. Meath on 3 October 2022.

| Group | Taxon | Relative abundance (1-5) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Group 1 Ephemeroptera | - | - |
| Group 2 Plecoptera | - | - |
| Group 3 Trichoptera | Hydropsychidae | 3 |
| | Polycentropodidae | 1 |
| | Glossosomatidae | 1 |
| Group 4 G.O.L.D. | Tubificidae | 1 |
| | Simuliidae | 2 |
| Group 5 Asellus | Asellus | Few/Low |

The SSRS for each sample station was calculated following the methods of Anon. (2009) and the results are presented in Table 3.

| Sample station | SSRS | Category |
|------------------|------|----------|
| Upstream (u/s) | 2.4 | At risk |
| Downstream (d/s) | 3.2 | At risk |

Table 3. The Small-Streams Risk Score for two sample stations on the Cloneymeath River,Summerhill, Co. Meath on 3 October 2022.

The SSRS scoresheets for sites u/s and d/s are presented in Appendix I, with photographs presented in Appendix II.

4 Conclusion

The SSRS for the upstream station (U/S) was 2.4, while that for the downstream station (D/S) was 3.2. Therefore, despite the difference in the scores, the Cloneymeath River, at both upstream and downstream locations, is 'At risk' of not meeting 'Good' status under the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC).

5 References

Anonymous (2009). Small Streams Risk Score (SSRS) Training Manual: A Pollution Investigation Tool for Use in the Field. Prepared on behalf of the Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government, Environmental Protection Agency and Water Services National Training Group (wsntg). (February 2020).

Appendix I – Score sheets

| U/S Stream Order: 2 Field Chemistry Modifications (7)N Canalised-widened-bank erosion- trend idensing Stream filow: Pripulation D0 mg/l 8:7 Dominiant Yypes: Bedrock Stream (6) D0 mg/l 9:7 Dominiant Yypes: Bedrock Stream (6) Bedrock Boulder (2128mm) Stope (2252mm) Staff gauge 0:1 1:5 Stope (2252mm) We width (cm) 1:2 Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Staff gauge 0:1 1:5 Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) We width (cm) 1:2 Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (200) Recent Plood Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (200) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (200) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (2252mm) Stope (201) Stope (201) Stope (201) Stope (201) Moderate Moderate (201) Stope (201) Stope (201) Stope (201) Degree of sittation: Clareous-Compacted- foresty Stope (201) Stope (201)< | ULS Stream Order: Stream flow: Stream flow: Rifte DO mg/ 8:4 Modifications (M) Canalised-widened-bank erosion Rifte Gide Rifte Gide DO mg/ 8:4 Bonder (1) pres: Bonder (1) pres: Rifte Gide Rifte Gide Term (*C) IS-6 Bonder (1) pres: Bonder (1) pres: Rifte Gide Rifte Gide Do mg/ 8:4 Cobble Gide 2028mm) Bonder (1) pres: Stati Gide Stati Gid | CLOIVE | MEATH | Code: 07102 | Date: | 3/10/20 | 22 Time: | 11:0 | | |
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| Total mone Endrock Bedrock Bernip (%) 15-6 Bedrock Bodder (>128mm) Canductivity 0.5-6 Bodder (>128mm) Fine Gravel (2-8mm) Sark width (cm) 1-2-6 Fine Gravel (2-8mm) Stading: High-Moderat-Low - None Sark gauge 0-1 Geology: (acreeus/Sticcous-Mixed Shading: High-Moderat-Low - None Velocity Colour None Storey body: Moderate Shading: High-Moderat-Low - None Storey body: Colour Normal Storey body: Moderate - Abundant Storey body: Moderate - Abundant Moderate Moderate Storey body: Moderate - Abundant Storey body: Moderate - Abundant General Comments: Storey body: Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Sample in Minutes: Highly turbid Group 1 = Epherencyter al: Abidy: Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Sample in Minutes: Group 2 = Piccoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Piccoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Piccoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Piccoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Piccoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = | Dring/ Cit/ Bedrock Bedrock Bedrock Bedrock Conductivity O.S.M.S. Gravel (C+328mm) Conductivity O.S.M.S. Gravel (C+328mm) Bank width (cm) 1-1.C. Gravel (C+328mm) Bank width (cm) 51.C. Staff gaue Colour Velocity Colour Geology: (alcarcous-Silicous-Mixed Shading: High_Moderat - Low -1 Staff gaue Colour Geology: (alcarcous-Silicous-Mixed Shading: High_Moderat - Low -1 Staff gaue Colour Geology: (alcarcous-Silicous-Mixed Shading: High_Moderat - Low -1 Velocity Colour Geology: (alcarcous-Silicous-Mixed Staff gaue Sow High Store y slow Degree of silication: Clear-Silicit/Moderat - Heavy Uf an iter in the intervector in the slow and y bottom-Mudo ver store Sightly turbid Cow High and use u/s Sample Photo (Y / N Uf an iter in the macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Sample in Minutes: Pond net: Sightly turbid Corou 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-taile) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-taile) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling | | | | | | Slow flow | - | | _ |
| Conductivity C.S.M.S. Conductivity Conductivity Vex doctry Conductivity Staff Gauge C.I. Vex doctry Conductivity Staff Gauge C.I. Staff Gauge Conductivity Very doctry Degree of silitation: Clean-Sight Moderate - Abundant Bigging Titinge Sample Feature Ware damaged during sampling Group 1 = Chemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Pleopte | Conductivity 0.5 M_S Conductivity 0.5 M_S Conductivity PH 9, 2.6 Fine Gravel (2-3 20mm) Fine Gravel (2-3 20mm) Bank width (cm) 3.10 Fine Gravel (2-3 20mm) Stand (0.2 5 20mm) Wet width (cm) 3.10 Geology: (alcarcou) Siliceous-Nixed Standing: High-(Moderat) - Low -1 Vetocity Colour Stand (0.2 5 mm) Standing: High-(Moderat) - Low -1 Vetocity Colour Standing: (alcarcou) Siliceous-Nixed Standing: High-(Moderat) - Low -1 Vetocity Colour Standing: High-(Moderat) - Low -1 Cattle access Y: upstream - downst Standing: Standing: High-(Moderat) - Low -1 Cattle access Y: upstream - downst Georemal Moderate - Moderate - Abundant Uter: None - Georem - Moderate - Abundant Sightly turbid Cow High - Moderate - Abundant Sevage Fungus: (mon) - Present - Moderate - Abundant Bigg Finestry Utera Sample Sample In Minutes: Pond net x 2 Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x 2 Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x 2 General Comments: Y4 THR2E SR WSD Store that hals may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Store that hals may be | 51 | | Bedrock | | | | | | |
| pit Side Graved (6-32mm) Bank width (cm) Side (0.25-5mm) Stand (0.25-5mm) Stand (0.25-5mm) Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Stow High Stomis bottom-Muddy bottom-Fuld over store Degree of sitiation: Clean-Subth Moderate + Abundant Signithy turbid Cow Clarify Discharge Very clare Fried off Signithy turbid Cow Clarify Discharge Very clare Fried off Signithy turbid Cow Barnetous Algoe: Sample in Minutes: Recent Flood Fried Tillage Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 1 = Challes - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Neoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 1 | pH 3:26 First (8:38mm) Bank width (cm) 3:26 First (8:32mm) Bank width (cm) 3:26 First (3:25 mm) Staff gauge 0:1 Store (Low) – Medium – High – Very High Vetocity Colour Store (Low) – Medium – High – Very High Staff gauge 0:1 Store (Low) – Medium – High – Very High Geology: (alarcoup Siliceous-Mixed Store italian Store italian Moderate Moderate Store italian Store italian Sow High Store italian Centre italian Sow High Store italian Centre italian Sightly turbid (Inv) Persent - Moderate - Abundant Segrege Fungus: Moderate Moderate - Moderate - Abundant Segrege Fungus: Store italian Sightly turbid (Inv) Present - Moderate - Abundant Segrege Fungus: Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Did Titlage Forestry Other Y Sightly turbid Recent Flood Forestry Other Y Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Did Titlage Forestry | | | | | | ment for mit all | | | - |
| Bank width (cm) 1 → 0 Samk width (cm) 1 → 0 Saff Gauge 0 → 1 Saff Gauge <t< td=""><td>Bank width (cm) Lit O Sind Gave (2,2-smm) Wet width (cm) 31.0 Sind (0,2-s-mm) Staff gauge 07.1 Sind (0,2-s-mm) Velocity Colour Stope that (cm) Sind (0,2-s-mm) Torrential None Substratum: Sind (0,2-s-mm) Moderate Moderate Substratum: Sobetratum: Store y slow) Discharge Petro fmult: None (-store): 5-10cm Photo (V) / N Wery dear Rood Deptro of mult: None (-store): 5-10cm Some that its is may be doton-Muddy bottom (ud over store) Offer Proto (V) / N Uts - D S Wery dear Rood Litter: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very w Sampled in Minutes: Sampled in Minutes: Point (V) W Value (2,4-min) Stature) Uhan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Whan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Whan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Stature) Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w)<</td><td>and the second second</td><td>the second s</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<> | Bank width (cm) Lit O Sind Gave (2,2-smm) Wet width (cm) 31.0 Sind (0,2-s-mm) Staff gauge 07.1 Sind (0,2-s-mm) Velocity Colour Stope that (cm) Sind (0,2-s-mm) Torrential None Substratum: Sind (0,2-s-mm) Moderate Moderate Substratum: Sobetratum: Store y slow) Discharge Petro fmult: None (-store): 5-10cm Photo (V) / N Wery dear Rood Deptro of mult: None (-store): 5-10cm Some that its is may be doton-Muddy bottom (ud over store) Offer Proto (V) / N Uts - D S Wery dear Rood Litter: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very w Sampled in Minutes: Sampled in Minutes: Point (V) W Value (2,4-min) Stature) Uhan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Whan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Whan Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w) Value (2,4-min) Stature) Stature) Sampled in Minutes: Point (V w)< | and the second | the second s | | | | | | | - |
| Wet widt (m) 3.0 Staff gauge 0:1 Staff gauge 0:1 Staff gauge 0:1 Geology: Calcur Staff gauge 0:1 Staff gauge 0:1 <td< td=""><td>Met width (m) 3.2.0 Avg Depth (m) 1.5 Staff gauge 0.21 Velocity Colour Torrental None Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Ompacted- fast Staff fall Stow High Oter Fast Stoff fall Stow High Degree of siltation: Clean-Silteous-Mixed Staff gauge Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Uter None Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Uter None Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Mitter: None Starting Wey data Recent Flood Big mentous Algae: Y Recent Flood Bog mentous Algae: Y THREE-SRWED Starting Weed sweep X Starting General Comments: Y X+ THREE-SRWED Starting Staff gauge Group 1 = Ephemeroptera Echonumber of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Abundant Signer) Group 1 = Ephemeroptera Echonurs Ab Bittrogena Ab Petata Highty carbada Dipcchata and Diptera)</td><td>Bank width (cm)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>E</td><td>12.1</td><td></td></td<> | Met width (m) 3.2.0 Avg Depth (m) 1.5 Staff gauge 0.21 Velocity Colour Torrental None Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Ompacted- fast Staff fall Stow High Oter Fast Stoff fall Stow High Degree of siltation: Clean-Silteous-Mixed Staff gauge Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Uter None Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Uter None Depth of mud: hone (-farty - fam: 5-10cm: >10cm) Mitter: None Starting Wey data Recent Flood Big mentous Algae: Y Recent Flood Bog mentous Algae: Y THREE-SRWED Starting Weed sweep X Starting General Comments: Y X+ THREE-SRWED Starting Staff gauge Group 1 = Ephemeroptera Echonumber of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Abundant Signer) Group 1 = Ephemeroptera Echonurs Ab Bittrogena Ab Petata Highty carbada Dipcchata and Diptera) | Bank width (cm) | | | | | | E | 12.1 | |
| Staff gauge Original Stope Cover, Heading - Heading - Very Hight Velocity Colour Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- (coord - Normal Shading: High - (Moderate) - Low - None Stow High Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- (coord - Normal Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- (coord - Normal Shading: High - (Moderate) - Low - None Stow High Degree of siltation: Clear-Glight (Moderate) - Heavy (Carify Discharge Degree of siltation: Clear-Sight (Moderate) - Low - None Very clear Flood Degree of siltation: Clear-Sight (Moderate) - Abundant Sewage Fungus: (Moderate - Abundant Sightly turbid Low High Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Pond net x Sewage Fungus: (Moderate - Abundant Sightly turbid Low Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Pond net x | Staff gauge O'I Stops (Clarge) Stops (Clarge) Stops (Clarge) Stops (Clarge) Stading: High (Moderat) - Low - I Velocity Clarge) Ottops: (Clarge) Stading: High (Moderat) - Low - I Cattle access Y: upstream - downst Sow High Stading: High (Moderat) - Low - I Cattle access Y: upstream - downst Sow High Degree of siltation: Clarens/Sight/Moderath/Heavy Photo (V) / N User Solv Dept of mud: hone (-Carl): 1-5cm: 5-10cm: > 10cm Ut = D S Wey dear Flood Dept of mud: hone (-Carl): 1-5cm: S-10cm: > 10cm Wight turbid Cow Normal Sampled in Minutes: Pool of mud: hone (-Carl): 1-5cm: S-10cm: > 10cm Highly turbid Cow Macroinvertebrate - Abundant Sampled in Minutes: Pool on et x 2 Bog Tillage Sampled in Minutes: Pool on et x 2 Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x * Stop on et x 2 Stop 1 = Ephemerol (-Carl): - tote that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Stop on et x 2 Stop on et x 2 Group 4 = G.O.D.D (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = A seluz Stop on et x 2 Stop on et x 2 Group 5 = A seluz | Wet width (cm) | | | | | | | | |
| Velocity Colour Geology: Educates Silicous-Mixed Fast Contribution: Catareous-Silicous-Compacted- (cost-Normal Cattle access Y: upstream - downstream Moderate Moderate Moderate Stoney http: Cattle access Y: upstream - downstream Stoney High Stoney bottom-Muddy bottom-fuld over stone Photo()/ N Us-DS Very dear Frood Degree of silitation: Clean-Silph Moderate - Abundant Sample Silphty turbid Low Pleanertous Algae: Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Silphty turbid Low Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample in Minutes: Pontex X Stone wash x I Weed Sweep X Other Prost Y M Sample in Minutes: Ponderate - Abundant Service 1 Comments: Weed Sweep X Stone wash x I Weed Sweep X Stone wash x I Y HTR2EE SR/WED STL/LEERACK Macroinvertebrates are divided into the following S specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tab) - note that tabis may be damaged during sampling -20 -20 Group 3 = Trichoptera Galave abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) -15 -20 Group 4 = GOLD (Gestropoda, Oligochaeta and | Velocity Colour Geology: calcarengySilecous-Mixed Torrential None Substratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- Used ************************************ | | and the second se | Slope: Low - Medium - H | High – Very Hi | gh | | | | |
| Torential None Substratum Condition: Calcaceous-Compacted- Biostratum: Cattle access Y: upstream – downstream Moderate Moderate Substratum: Storey Normal Photo (V) / N Uery slow High Degree of sittation: Clean-Slight Moderate Heavy Photo (V) / N Very dear Flood Degree of sittation: Clean-Slight Moderate - Abundant Sewage Fungus: Slightly turbid Litter: None - Greent - Moderate - Abundant Sewage Fungus: (Grag - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Deyr Pasture) Urban Sample Recent Flood Bog Tillage Y Sample Forestry Other Y Weed sweep x Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x Components: Y Y The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following sampling 1-5 Group 1 = Ephemeroptera 3-table damaged during sampling 5-20 2-1-5 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 5-20 2-1-5 Group 3 = Trichoptera Catule & Bodd, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Signera ab 2-1-5 Group 4 = GOLD, (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Signeria ab <td< td=""><td>Torrential None Subgratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- Substratum: Cattle access Y: upstream – downst Moderate Moderate Substratum: Substratum: Substratum: Photo(Y) / N Slow High Degree of siltation: Clean-Sight Moderate Heavy Person Photo(Y) / N Very dear Flood Depth of mud: None (Icon: 1-5cm: 5-10cm: >10cm) Seyage Fungus: Wery dear Flood Photo(Y) / N Uf = D S Sightly turbid Urw Filamentous Algae: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Urw Pasture Urban Sample in Minutes: Pasture Pasture Urban Sample din Minutes: Sample din Minutes: General Comments: Y Werd Sweep X Store wash X Weed sweep X Store wash X Y + THR 2E SR WED STILLLE RACK Plecoptera: Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Store wash X Store wash X Group 3 = Trichoptera Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Store wash X Store wash X Group 4 = GOLD Gisstro</td><td></td><td></td><td>Geology: Calcareous-Silic</td><td>ceous-Mixed</td><td></td><td>Shading: High -(Mo</td><td>oderate</td><td>- Low - Nor</td><td>e</td></td<> | Torrential None Subgratum Condition: Calcareous-Compacted- Substratum: Cattle access Y: upstream – downst Moderate Moderate Substratum: Substratum: Substratum: Photo(Y) / N Slow High Degree of siltation: Clean-Sight Moderate Heavy Person Photo(Y) / N Very dear Flood Depth of mud: None (Icon: 1-5cm: 5-10cm: >10cm) Seyage Fungus: Wery dear Flood Photo(Y) / N Uf = D S Sightly turbid Urw Filamentous Algae: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Urw Pasture Urban Sample in Minutes: Pasture Pasture Urban Sample din Minutes: Sample din Minutes: General Comments: Y Werd Sweep X Store wash X Weed sweep X Store wash X Y + THR 2E SR WED STILLLE RACK Plecoptera: Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Store wash X Store wash X Group 3 = Trichoptera Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Store wash X Store wash X Group 4 = GOLD Gisstro | | | Geology: Calcareous-Silic | ceous-Mixed | | Shading: High -(Mo | oderate | - Low - Nor | e |
| Moderate Moderate Substratum: Slow High Stature: Stature:< | Moderate Moderate Substratum: Substratum: Slow High Soney bottom-Muddy bo | | | Substratum Condition: | Calcareous-C | ompacted- | Cattle access Y: up | stream | – downstrea | m |
| Store Joney bottom-Muddy bottom-fuid over stores Photo () / N Very dear Flood Degree of siltation: Clean-SightModerateHeavy Photo () / N Very dear Flood Uter: None - Freest - Moderate - Abundant Sample financial station: Clean-SightModerate - Abundant SilghtMy turbid Low Filamentous Algae: (Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample financial station: Clean-SightModerate - Abundant Highly turbid Dry Bog Tillage Sample in Minutes: Posture Sample in Minutes: Pond net x 2 Store wash x 1 General Comments: Y4 THRCE- SR WED STICKLE BACK Storey balance Interventebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 3 = Trichoptera Static Back Abundance Group 3 = Trichoptera Graup 3 = Trichoptera Graup 3 = Trichoptera Static Back Static Back Static Back Group 4 = GOLD. (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = Ase/Js Fleanerelle Ab Static Back Static Back <td>Slow High Stoney bottom-Muddy bottom full over stoney Photo () / N Uery slow Degree of siltation: (Lean-Sight Moderate - Abundant Uf - D S Clarity Discharge Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn: >10cn) Uf - D S Sight Mutual Com Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn): >10cn Uf - D S Sight Mutual Com Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn): >10cn Segage Fungus: (Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Com Dry Sample retained: Sample in Minutes: Pond net x 2 Recent Flood Bog Tillage Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x 2 General Comments: XH THR EE SR MED STICLUE BACK Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep 1 Cong 1 = Ephermeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 6-20 Stone wash x 1 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 6-20 Sti-1000 11+ Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ 101+ Lister Refer al. Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance O Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<></td> | Slow High Stoney bottom-Muddy bottom full over stoney Photo () / N Uery slow Degree of siltation: (Lean-Sight Moderate - Abundant Uf - D S Clarity Discharge Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn: >10cn) Uf - D S Sight Mutual Com Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn): >10cn Uf - D S Sight Mutual Com Depth of mud: None (Light 1-Scn: 5-10cn): >10cn Segage Fungus: (Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Com Dry Sample retained: Sample in Minutes: Pond net x 2 Recent Flood Bog Tillage Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x 2 General Comments: XH THR EE SR MED STICLUE BACK Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep 1 Cong 1 = Ephermeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 6-20 Stone wash x 1 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 6-20 Sti-1000 11+ Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ 101+ Lister Refer al. Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance O Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | |
| Mathematical Signet Moderate - Abundant Degree of silitation: Clean-Stight Moderate Heavy Depth of mud: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Stight y turbid US - D S Signetly turbid Item: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Sevage Fungus: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sevage Fungus: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Item: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Sevage Fungus: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Item: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Sample In Minutes: Pod net X 2 Stone wash X 1 Weed sweep X • General Comments: X4 THREE SR WED STILKLERACK Macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 5 = Asellus Relative Abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Heptagenia Ab Dincaras Ab Cher Plecoptera Plecoptera: Boroup 4 = Golub (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Isoperia Ab Dincaras Ab Din | Carry Sorv Clarify Discharge Hood Degree of siltation: Clean-Siight Moderate Heavy Depth of mud: None (Int 1-5cm: 5-10cm: >10cm) Uts = D S Very dear Rood Litter: None - Present Moderate - Abundant Us = D S Slightly turbid (Inv) Plamentous Algae: Nong - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample Sample in Minutes: Por Struct Sample in Minutes: Som ent x 2 Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x • General Comments: XH THRCE SCHWED STLLECERACK Prestry Other Prestry Prestry Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Pleoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Pleoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 5 = AseR/s Relatin Abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Ephemeroptera: Edvontrue Abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Dinccras AL Mithrogena Ab Behemeroptera: Edvontrue Abundance O Plecoptera: Leuctra AL Mithrogena Ab Behemeroptera: Edvontrue Abundance O Total no. of Taxe Total no. of Taxe Total no. of Taxe Total Relatine Abundance (0) Ab Abundance (0) Ab Amphinemura AL Aparageption Ab Phytoperoptical Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra AL Amphinemura AL Aparageption Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra AL Amphinemura | | | | ttom Mud over | r stones | Photo V/N | | | |
| Clarify Discharge Depth of mud: None (10): 1-5cm: 5-10cm: >10cm (05 - D.3) Very clear Flood Litter: None - resent - Moderate - Abundant Sewage Fungus: Slightly turbid (100) Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample Highly turbid (100) Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample Highly turbid (100) Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample Recent Flood Forestry (11) Sample Sample retained: Y Y Y Sample Sample General Comments: Y Y Y Weed sweep x Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x C Sample Sample Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x C Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x C Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Store wash x 1 Weed Sweep x C Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Store wash x 1 Weed Sweep x C Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Store wash x 1 Weed Sweep x C Store wash x 1 Weed sweep x Store wash | Clarify Discharge Depth of mud: None (IGR 1-5Gm: 5-10cm : >10cm Very clear Rood Litter: None - fresent - Abundant Seyrage Fungus: Sightly turbid (IGW) Filamentous Algae: Non? - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Urban Sample Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very Low Bilan land use u/s: Sample Recent Flood Forestry Urban Sample Recent Flood Forestry Other Y General Comments: Y The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Sample Y4 THR 2ES SR WED STICKLE BACK Relatin Abunda Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 2 = Pleoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 6-20 Group 3 = Asellus Oligochaeta and Diptera) Solution and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) ID1+ Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Ephemeroptera: Echoreneula Ab Protonenura Ai Bernereptera: Echonenura Ab | (Very slow) | | | | | | | | |
| Item Item Item Mormal Litter: None - fresent - Moderate - Abundant Silghtly turbid Icow Filamentous Alge: (Nord - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample In Minutes: Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample In Minutes: Pond net x 2 Stone wash x 1 Highly turbid Dry. Icow Sample In Minutes: Posture Sample In Minutes: Pond net x 2 Stone wash x 1 General Comments: Ar THREES SR WED STICKEERACK Weed sweep x 2 Macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Relative Abundance 4 Group 1 = Ephemeroptera October (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Relative Abundance 4 Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Ab Rithtrogena Ab Applicentaica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Applicentaica Ab Ephemeroptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab Calculate Ab Applicentaica Ab Applicentaica Ab Ephemeroptera: Total no. of Taxa Tota | Mormal Litter: None - freeent - Moderate - Abundant Slighty turbid Litter: None - freeent - Moderate - Abundant Slighty turbid Litter: None - freeent - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Litter: None - freeent - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Dry Bain Land use u/s: Sample in Minutes: Pasture Urban Sample in Minutes: Pond net x Z Store wash x I Weed sweep x Store wash x I General Comments: Y Macroinvertebrate Composition Relatin The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Genoral Cost option Relatin Group 1 = Ephemeroptera Ecdyonuus Ab Plecoptera: Leutra AL Group 5 = Asellus Oligen abb Plecoptera: Leutra AL Caluate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Dincaras AL Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonuus Ab Plecoptera: Leutra AL Apatagena Ab Other Plecop AL Other Plecop AL Other Plecop AL Caluate the total number of taxa General Rhithrogen | | | | 2 | / | - US-DS | | | |
| Slightly turbid Ellamentous Algae: (Non?) – Present – Moderate - Abundant Sample Sample Ferdande Highly turbid Very Low Pasture Urban Bog Sample Tillage Sample Ferdandez Somple Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Urban Bog Urban Tillage Sample Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Urban Bog Tillage Y Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant General Comments: Recent Flood Other Y Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant Singhtly turbid Dry Bog Tillage Y Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant General Comments: Recent Flood Other Y Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant Singhtly turbid Urban Tillage Y Non? – Present – Moderate - Abundant General Comments: Struct & BACK Struct & BACK Struct & BACK Struct & BACK General Coll Gastropota, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Struct & BACK Struct & BACK Struct & BACK Group 5 = Asellus Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) Isoperla Ab | Flamentous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very Low Sample in Minutes: Pasture Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Dry Recent Flood Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Sample in Minutes: Portaneous Algae: Non® – Present – Moderate - Abundant General Comments: X4 THR 2E - SR wSD Struck E BAck Relatin Abund 1-5 Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Asellus Relatin Abundance Abundant Group 3 = Asellus Oligochaeta and Diptera) Plecoptera: Leuctra Minutes: Abundance – Abindance Abundance – Abindance – Abindance Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Minutes: Anthinogena Abindance Peresent – Moderate – Abundance Ephemerealia Ab Dincaras Al Anthinogena Abindance Peresent – Moderate – Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance | | House the second | | | | in a management | | | |
| Singing turbid Low Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very Low Bain Land use u/s: Urban Sample retained: Recent Flood Bog Tillage Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Semple Forstry Urban Sample Fetained: Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Bog Tillage Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample finance: Bog Tillage Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample finance: Bog Tillage Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample finance: General Comments: Statistic Recent - Bog Y Non® - Present - Moderate - Abundant Sample finance: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 6-20 Group 2 = Stells Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Echyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Ab Isoperla Ab Group 5 = Aselus Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance | Slightly turbid (Long- Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very Low Sample Present - Moderate - Abundant Highly turbid Very Low Present - Moderate - Abundant Mache Land use u/s: Sample Sample Tealined: Some wash x Bog Tillage Dry Bog Tillage Some wash x I General Comments: X4 THR CE-SPLWED STLLLE & BACK Stone wash x I Macroinvertebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Tichoptera Group 3 = Tichoptera Gasure damaged during sampling 1-5 6-20 21-50 | | - | | | | Sewage Fungus: | - | | - |
| Dry Pasture Bog Urban Tillage retained: Y (h) Pond net x 2 Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x • General Comments: X4 THRCE SCHWED STILLEERACK Note and the following 5 specific groups: Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x • Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Felative Abundance Group 3 = Colub (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = Asellus Stone wash x 1 Weed sweep x • Group 5 = Asellus Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Ab Amphinemura Ab Amphinemura Ab Amphinemura Ab Aparaleptophiebia Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Epher Ab Colub City Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomuic (D) Ab Assentus Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbic (G) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Absentus Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbic (G) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Estense Absentus Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbic (G) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Absentus Phenorbic (G Ab | Dry Pasture Bog Urban Tillage Other retained: Y Pond net x 2 Stone wash x 1 General Comments: Forestry Other Y N Weed sweep x Stone wash x 1 General Comments: X4 <thrce-sqncd< td=""> Macroinvertebrate Composition Relatin Abund The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 5-20 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 5-20 21-50 Group 3 = Trichoptera Calulate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leucta Ak Amphinemura Ak Amphinemura Ak Amphinemura Ak Aparaleptophilebia Ab Other Plecop Ak Other Plecop Ak Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Anophinemura (G) Ab Anophinemura (G) Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae (D) Ab<td></td><td></td><td>None - Present - Moderat</td><td></td><td></td><td>Nond - Present - Mon</td><td></td><td>- Abundant</td><td></td></thrce-sqncd<> | | | None - Present - Moderat | | | Nond - Present - Mon | | - Abundant | |
| Recent Flood Bog Forestry Tillage Other Y (I) Stone wash x 1 General Comments: X4 THREES SRUED STILLEEBACK Weed sweep x (I) Macroinvertebrate Sare divided into the following S specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Pleoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 5 = Aselits Relative Abundance 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 Group 5 = Aselits Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Ab Rhithrogena Ab Isoperla Ab Peria Ab Peria Ab Amphinemura Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Chironomidae (D) Ab Asentus Polycentropoididae Ab Polycentropoididae Ab Plenorbic (G) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Absentus | Recent Flood Bog Forestry Tillage Other Y (N) Stone wash x 1 General Comments: X4 THREE SCHWED STILLEBACK Relatin Macroinvertebrate Composition Relatin The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Abund Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 3 = Trichoptera Calculate that tails may be damaged during sampling 21-50 Group 4 = G.O.L.D (Sastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Plecoptera: Leucha AL Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) Plecoptera: Leucha AL Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leucha AL Apataleptophiebia Ab Other Plecop AL Other Plecop AL Calculate of taxa Total no. of taxa Total no. of taxa Total no. of taxa Chironomidae (D) AL Aseffus Polycentropodidae Ab | Highly turbid | | | | | | s: | | |
| Porestry Other Weed sweep x Image: Comments in the second system of the system o | General Comments: Y4 THRCE SCANCE Y4 THRCE SCANCE Macroinvertebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 2 = Piecoptera (2-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 6-20 Group 3 = Trichoptera Calculate that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 4 = 6, G.U.D. (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = Asellus 101+ Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leucha Al Matpagenia Ab Isoperia Ab Isoperia Al Caenis Ab Peria Al Other Plecop Al Other Ephem Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Al Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Al Other Plecop Al Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Trichoptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab Al Aseflus Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Planopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aseflus Philopotamidae Ab Planopyrgus (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L | | | Bog | Tillage Y | | - | | | |
| General Comments: X4 THREE SRAWED STICKCEBACK. Macroinvertebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 2 = Plecoptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 3 = Trichoptera Catalish - note that tails may be damaged during sampling 1-5 Group 4 = G.OL.D (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = Asellus 21-50 Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance - Ab) 101+ Ephemeroptera: Leuctra Ab Rhithrogena Ab Isoperia Ab 1-5 Heptagenia Ab Isoperia Ab 101+ Caenis Ab Pera Ab Dinacras Ab 0 Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab 0 Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab 0 Absent Polycentropodidae Ab GOLD: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Absent Polycentropodidae Ab Ab Planopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Absent | General Comments: Y4 THREE SRINED STILLLERGEK Macroinvertebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups: Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Piecoptera (2-tails) – note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichoptera Group 4 = G.OL.D (Gastropoda, Oligochaeta and Diptera) Group 5 = Asellus Relatin Abund 1-5 Group 5 = Asellus Group 5 = Asellus Group 5 = Asellus Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) Plecoptera: Leucha Ab Isoperia Ab Peria Ab Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Plecoptera: Leucha Ab Caenis Ab Peria Ab Dinocras Ab Paraleptophilebia Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Trichoptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Aselfuss Trichoptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab Potycentropodidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dinornate (D) Ab Aselfuss | | | Forestry | Other | | | | | |
| Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) IOF Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Isoperta Ab Rhithrogena Ab Isoperta Ab Isoperta Ab Heptagenia Ab Ephemerelia Ab Isoperta Ab Caenis Ab Peria Ab Isoperta Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Ephemera danica Ab Dinocras Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Polycentropodidae Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Polanopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Dincranda (D) Ab Common/ | Calculate the total number of taxa and relative abundance of each macroinvertebrate group below: (Abundance – Ab) IUL+ Ephemeroptera: Ecdyonurus Ab Plecoptera: Leuctra Ab Rhithrogena Ab Isoperia Ab Isoperia Ab Isoperia Ab Heptagenia Ab Caenis Ab Protonemura Ab Isoperia Ab Caenis Ab Caenis Ab Dinocras Ab Dinocras Ab Fishemerelia Ab Caenis Ab Other Plecop Ab Dinocras Ab Caenis Ab Other Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Abundance Trichoptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab Gol LD: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomis (D) Ab Abundance Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Olinoranus (D) Ab Abundance Abundance Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communicater | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep | RUED STICK | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) – note that tails may be | ups: damaged duri | ing sampling | Weed sweep x - D | | Abundar 1-5 | |
| Rhithrogena Ab Isoperla Ab Heptagenia Ab Protonemura Ab Ephemerella Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Perla Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomide (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Rhithrogena Ab Isoperfa Ab Heptagenia Ab Protonemura Ab Ephemerella Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Perfa Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemere danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephern Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephern Ab Other Plecop Ab Polycentropodidae Ab GoLD: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Asellus Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Ew/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communication (D) Ab | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pi Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. | Auch STICI ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai ecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera OLLD (Gastropoda, | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou is) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama | ups: damaged duri | ing sampling | Weed sweep x | | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 | |
| Heptagenia Ab Protonemura Ab Ephemerella Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Perla Ab Caenis Ab Dinocras Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephemara danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephemara danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Other Plecop Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Heptagenia Ab Protonemura Ab Ephemerella Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Peria Ab Caenis Ab Peria Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab GoL-D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aselfus Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Z Ab Philopotamidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Ew/L | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A/ | Auci STILL ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda, <i>sellus</i> | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) | ups: damaged duri aged during sa | ing sampling ampling | | | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 | |
| Ephemerelia Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Peria Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Other Plecop Ab Frichoptera: Hydrogsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Asselfuss Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Ephemerella Ab Amphinemura Ab Caenis Ab Perla Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephern Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab GoL_D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aselfus Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communication (D) Ab | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the | Auci STILL ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda, <i>sellus</i> | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab | ups: damaged duri aged during sa of each macroi | ing sampling impling nvertebrate gr | | Ab) | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab | |
| Caenis Ab Peria Ab Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Caenis Ab Caenis Ab Perla Ab Paraleptophilebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Epherm Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aselfus Polycentropodidae Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Ab Ab Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the | Auci STILL ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda, <i>sellus</i> | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab | ups: damaged duri aged during sa of each macroi | ing sampling impling nvertebrate gr | | Ab) | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperla Ab | |
| Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Ab Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Plecop Ab Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Asselfus: Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Paraleptophlebia Ab Dinocras Al Ephemera danica Ab Other Plecop Al Other Epherm Ab Other Plecop Al Total no. of taxa Total Relative Abundance Total no. of Taxa Total Relative Abundance Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.O.L.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aselfus Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Abb Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communication (D) Ab | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the | Auci STILL ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda, <i>sellus</i> | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab | ups: damaged duri aged during sa of each macroi | ing sampling impling nvertebrate gr | oup below: (Abundance – | Ab) | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperla Ab memura Ab | |
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| Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.OL.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Aselfus: Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab 2 Absent Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae Ab G.O.L.D: Lymnaea (G) Ab Chironomidae (D) Ab Asellus: Polycentropodidae Ab Potamopyrgus (G) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Ab Ab Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communication | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the | Aucid STICH | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou is) – note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Ephemerelia Ab Caenis Ab raleptophiebia Ab | ups: damaged duri aged during sa of each macroi | ing sampling impling nvertebrate gr | oup below: (Abundance – | Ab) Is Proton Amphin | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperta Ab nemura Ab Perla Ab inocras Ab | |
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| Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/Low Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Common/ | Rhyacophila Ab Planorbis (G) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab Few/L Philopotamidae Ab Ancylus (G) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Communication | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A web stick | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grouis) - note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rilthrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Caenis Ab caenis Ab caenis Ab other Ephem Ab Other Ephem Ab | ups: damaged duri aged during sa of each macroi Plecopter | ing sampling impling nvertebrate gr a: | oup below: (Abundance – | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperta Ab nemura Ab nemura Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab | |
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| | Limnephilidae Ab Physa (G) Ab Tipulidae (D) Ab Numer | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | Ruco state ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tail lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera OLD (Gastropoda, sellus total number of tax Pan Pan Pan Pan Pan Polycentropodida Rhyacophil | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grounds Is) – note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance of Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Ephemerelia Ab Caenis Ab caenis Ab Other Ephem Ab Other Ephem Ab ative Abundance Gother Ephem Ab Ab Other Ab Ab Other Ephem Ab Ab Other Ab Ab | ups: damaged during sa of each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (G Planorbis (G | of Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab <i>Chironomus</i> (D) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperla Ab neemura Ab perla Ab perla Ab inocras Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab plecop Ab soperla Ab conditional ab plecop Ab plecop Ab soperla Ab plecop Ab pleco | |
| Sericostomatidae Ab 1 Lumbriculus (OI) Ab Ceratopogonidae (D) Ab | NOTE: | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A WED STICH ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera OL.D (Gastropoda, sellus total number of tax Pa Pa Pa Pa Pa Polycentropodida Rhyacophi Philopotamida Limnephilida | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou is) - note that tails may be note note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Caenis Ab caenis Ab other Ephern Ab other Ephern Ab ative Abundance G.OL.D: we Ab e Ab | ups: damaged during sa of each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (G Planorbis (C Ancylus (G | f Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab <i>Chironomus</i> (D) Ab Simuliidae (D) Ab <i>Dicranota</i> (D) Ab | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperta Ab memura Ab memura Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Solutionare Abser Few/Low Common/ | |
| Leridostratidae Ab Tubificidae (O) Ab must be | Levidostrantidae Ab Tubificidae (U) Ab U outer GOLD Ab must be | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A web stick attes are divided into hemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera .OLD (Gastropoda, sellus total number of tax Pal Pal Pal Pal Pal Pal Polycentropodia Philopotamida Sericostomatida | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou is) - note that tails may be note note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Lephemerella Ab Caenis Ab other Ephem Ab other Ephem Ab other Ephem Ab GOULD: ee Ab | ups: damaged during sa of each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (C Planorbis (C Phanorbis (C Phaya (C Umbriculus (C) | f Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab <i>Chironomus</i> (D) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Tipulidae (D) Ab | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab Isoperla Ab hemura Ab hemura Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Percop Ab Pecop Ab | |
| Other Trichoptera Ab | Other Teichenters At | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A WED STICH ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tails) - richoptera .OLD (Gastropoda, sellus total number of tax | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) - note that tails may be note note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Caenis Ab caenis Ab other Ephemerella Ab Other Ephem Ab ative Abundance GolL.D: ee Ab ee Ab ee Ab ee Ab ee Ab ue Ab | ups: damaged during sa aged during sa f each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (C Planorbis (C Ancylus (C) Physa (C Umbriculus (O) Eiseniella (O) | f Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab Chironomus (D) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Tipulidae (D) Ab | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab soperta Ab memura Ab perla Ab perla Ab Perla Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Plecop Ab Solution Abser Few/Low Common/ Numerous NOTE: As must be | |
| Total po of Tatal Balating | | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Er Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 4 = G. Group 5 = A: Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A WED STILL ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera OLD (Gastropoda, <i>sellus</i> total number of tax Pal Pal Pal Pal Polycentropodida Rhyacophi Philopotamida Sericostomatida Glossosomatida Lepidostomatida | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou ils) - note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Ephemerelia Ab Caenis Ab Other Ephem Ab ative Abundance GolLD: te Ab te Ab te Ab te Ab te Ab | ups: damaged during sa aged during sa f each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (C Planorbis (C Ancylus (C) Physa (C Umbriculus (O) Eiseniella (O) | f Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab <i>Chironomus</i> (D) Ab Simulidae (D) Ab Dicranota (D) Ab Tipulidae (D) Ab | Ab) I Protorn Amphir Other Other F | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab Isoperla Ab hemura Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Percop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Perla Ab | |
| | NOTE Baetis is an Ephemeropteran and is the most commonly occurring invertebrate genus in streams in Irela | The macroinvertebra Group 1 = Ep Group 2 = Pl Group 3 = Tr Group 5 = A. Calculate the Ephemeroptera: | A WED STICH ates are divided into phemeroptera (3-tai lecoptera (2-tails) - richoptera OL.D (Gastropoda, sellus total number of tax Pai Pai Pai Pai Pai Polycentropodida Rhyacophi Philopotamida Limnephilida Sericostomatida Other Trichoptera , Total Ref | Macroinvertebrate the following 5 specific grou is) - note that tails may be note that tails may be dama Oligochaeta and Diptera) ka and relative abundance o Ecdyonurus Ab Rhithrogena Ab Heptagenia Ab Caenis Ab Caenis Ab Other Ephern Ab Other Ephern Ab GOLD: te Ab te Ab te Ab te Ab te Ab te Ab | ups: damaged during sa aged during sa f each macroi Plecopter Total no. o Lymnaea (C Planorbis (C Ancylus (C) Phanorbis (C Ancylus (C) Eiseniella (C) Tubificidae (C) | f Taxa | oup below: (Abundance – Total Relat Chironomidae (D) Ab <i>Chironomus</i> (D) Ab <i>Simulidae</i> (D) Ab <i>Dicranota</i> (D) Ab <i>Tipulidae</i> (D) Ab Ceratopogonidae (D) Ab Other GOLD Ab | Ab) | Abundar 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ Leuctra Ab Isoperla Ab hemura Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Perla Ab Percop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Pecop Ab Perla Ab | |

Figure A1: SSRS score sheet page 1 at upstream (u/s) site on the Cloneymeath River, Summerhill, Co. Meath.

| | Group 1 - 3 Tails Ephemeroptera | | | Group 2 - 2 Tails Plecoptera |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | No. of taxa | | | No. of taxa |
| 0 | 1 | 2+ | | 1 2 |
| Relative Abundance | 1-2 3+ | 2 3+ | Relative Abundance | 1-2 3+ 2 |
| Score | 4 6 | 4 8 | Score | 4 6 6 |
| F | P Photod (P I) | | | |
| | Group 3 Trichoptera | | de portaniste en la rolación Médica menjectorian production | Group 4 G.OL.D |
| L. | No. of taxa | | | No. of taxa |
| Relative | | 3+ | Relative | |
| Abundance | | 3+ | Abundance | |
| Score 0 | (2) 4 | 4 | Score 0 | |
| | Group 5 Asellus | entititure printe ha | | a) Index Score Group 1 |
| | No. of taxa |] | | b) Index Score Group 2 c) Index Score Group 3 |
| Absent | Few (1-20) | Common (>20) | | d) Index Score Group 4 e) Index Score Group 5 |
| 4 | 2 | 0 | | N9. |
| Step 3. Calculate | e the Total Index Score, | the Average Index | Score and the SSR So | core using the boxes below |
| Total In | dex Score (TIS) 6 | Average Index 5 TIS/5 (5 fo | Score (AIS) | SSR Score (AIS x 2) |
| | and the second se | the final SSR score | e with the categories t | elow and tick the appropriate b |
| > 7.25 Probably not at risk | | - 7.25 erminate | <6.5 Stream at risk | |

Figure A2: SSRS score sheet page 2 at upstream (u/s) site on the Cloneymeath River, Summerhill, Co. Meath.

| Stat DO% DO m Temp Condu pH Bank | ig/l) (°C) | | Location: | KOZ Date: | 3/10/202 | 2 Time: 1 | 1:05 | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|------------|
| DO m Temp Condu pH Bank | Field Che | S | LUCALION. | UN NERH | | Grid (6 figure): | N83250 | R |
| DO m Temp Condu pH Bank | ig/l) (°C) | | Stream Orde | a designed and the second s | | Stream flow: | | e |
| DO m Temp Condu pH Bank | ig/l) (°C) | mistry | Modifications: Y | /N Canalised-wide | ened-bank erosion | Riffle/Glide) | | |
| Temp Condu pH Bank |) (°C) | 92 | arterial drainage | in canalised whice | | Slow flow | | |
| Condu pH Bank | | 9-1 | Dominant Types | | | | | |
| pH Bank | and in site a | 15.5 | Bedrock Boulder (>128mm | 1) | | | | |
| Bank | ucuvity | 0.5 mska | Cobble (32-128mi | hD | | | | |
| | | 8.25 | Gravel (8-32mm) | | | | | |
| | width (cm) | 600 | Fine Gravel (2-8m Sand (0.25-2mm) | m) | | | | |
| | width (cm) | 300 | (Silt (<0.25mm)) | | | | | |
| | Depth (cm) | 20 | Slope Low- Me | lium – High – Ver | y High | | | 2 |
| | gauge Velocity | Colour | Geology: Calcare | ous-Siliceous-Mixe | ed | Shading: High - Mode | erate - Low - No | ne |
| | Forrential | None | Substratum Con | _ | | Cattle access Y: upstr | ean - downstre | am |
| | Fast | (Slight) | Loose - Normal | | | | | |
| -C | Moderate Stow | Moderate High | Substratum: Stoney bottom-Mu | iddy bottom-Mud | over stones | Photo (2) N | | |
| V | /ery slow | nign | Degree of siltat | | | Photo: Y/ N | | |
| | Clarity | Discharge | | | m: 5-10cm: >10cm | US-DS | | |
| V | lery clear | Flood | | | | | | |
| | (Clear) | (Normal) | Litter: None - Pr | | Abundant | | | |
| Slig | ghtly turbid | Low | Filamentous Alg None – Present – | | lant | Sewage Fungus: None – Present – Mode | rate - Abundant | |
| Hig | ghly turbid | Very Low | Main land use u | /s: | Sample | Sampled in Minutes: | | |
| | | Dry | Pasture | Urban | retained: | Pond net x 2 | | |
| | | Recent Flood | Bog Forestry | Tillage Other | YANY | Stone wash x \ | | |
| | | | - | | | Weed sweep x | | |
| - | | priemeroptera (5-ta | | | during compling | | Abunda | nc |
| | Group 3 = Tr | richoptera | note that tails may l | be damaged durin | during sampling g sampling | | Abunda 1-5 6-20 21-50 | |
| | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = G$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda | | be damaged durin | | | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 | |
| | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = A$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | , Oligochaeta and Dig | oe damaged durin otera) | g sampling | up below: (Abundance – A | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ | |
| Ephe | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = ACalculate the$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | note that tails may l , Oligochaeta and Dip axa and relative abun | be damaged durin otera) dance of each ma | g sampling | up below: (Abundance – A | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ | |
| Ephe | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = A$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | , Oligochaeta and Dig | oe damaged durin otera) | g sampling | up below: (Abundance – A | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ | |
| Ephe | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = ACalculate the$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | note that tails may l , Oligochaeta and Dig axa and relative abun <i>Ecdyonurus</i> Ab | be damaged durin otera) dance of each ma | g sampling | | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ <i>Leuctra</i> Ab | |
| Ephe | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = ACalculate the$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | , Oligochaeta and Di axa and relative abun <u>Ecdyonurus</u> Ab <u>Rhithrogena</u> Ab | be damaged durin otera) dance of each ma | g sampling | P | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ <i>Leuctra</i> Ab <i>Isoperla</i> Ab | |
| Ephe | Group $3 = TrGroup 4 = GGroup 5 = ACalculate the$ | richoptera .OL.D (Gastropoda <i>sellus</i> | note that tails may la , Oligochaeta and Dip axa and relative abun <u>Ecdyonurus</u> Ab <u>Rhithrogena</u> Ab <u>Heptagenia</u> Ab | be damaged durin otera) dance of each ma | g sampling | P | 1-5 6-20 21-50 51-100 101+ <i>Leuctra</i> Ab <i>Isopería</i> Ab | |
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Figure A3: SSRS score sheet page 1 at downstream (d/s) site on the Cloneymeath River, Summerhill, Co. Meath.

| | boxes in Step 2. Group 1 - 3 Tails |] | Service on Sectors | Group 2 - 2 Tails |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Ephemeroptera | | normalis in suit sure Technistic derme danabil | Plecoptera |
| | No. of taxa | | H | No. of taxa |
| () | | 2+ | 0 | 1 2+ |
| Relative Abundance | 1-2 3+ | 2 3+ | Relative Abundance | 1-2 3+ 2 |
| Score | 4 6 | 4 8 | Score | 4 6 6 |
| [| Group 3 Trichoptera | | enta 2000 de la la super- el y control chorto de solução el antes de secondo de solução | Group 4 G.OL.D |
| | No. of taxa | | | No. of taxa |
| | 1-2 | (3+) | 0 | 1-2 3+ |
| Relative Abundance | 1-2 3+ | (3+) | Relative | 1-2 3-6 7+ 3-6 |
| | | H | Abundance | |
| Score 0 | | Ċ | Score | |
| | Group 5 Asellus | a dalata presin ber | | a) Index Score Group 1 |
| | No. of taxa | | | b) Index Score Group 2 |
| Absent | Few (1-20) | Common (>20) | | c) Index Score Group 3 d) Index Score Group 4 |
| 4 | 2 | | | e) Index Score Group 5 |
| | | , the Average Index | Score and the SSR Se | core using the boxes below |
| Total 1 su | Index Score (TIS) Im (a+b+c+d+e) | Average Index 5 TIS/5 (5 fo | Score (AIS) r 5 groups) | (AIS x 2) 3.2 |
| | Contraction of the local division of the loc | Personal de la constante | e with the categories t | pelow and tick the appropriate bo |
| > 7.2 Probably not at ri | | 5 – 7.25 terminate | <6.5 Stream at risk | |

Figure A4: SSRS score sheet page 2 at downstream (d/s) site on the Cloneymeath River, Summerhill, Co. Meath.



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