# Annual Environmental Report





Roscommon

D0116-01

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# **1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AND INTRODUCTION TO THE 2019 AER**

This Annual Environmental Report has been prepared for D0116-01, Roscommon, in Roscommon in accordance with the requirements of the wastewater discharge licence for the agglomeration. Specified reports where relevant are included as an appendix to the AER.

## **1.1 ANNUAL STATEMENT OF MEASURES**

A summary of any improvements undertaken is provided where applicable.

Main drainage contract tender is due in 2020. The works consist of the abandonment of some SWO's and a network upgrade of the foul sewer, together with the construction of a storm tank at the WWTP and the construction of new pumping stations.

## **1.2 TREATMENT SUMMARY**

The agglomeration is served by a wastewater treatment plant(s)

• ROSCOMMON WWTP with a Plant Capacity PE of 9550, the treatment type is 3P - Tertiary P removal

## **1.3 ELV OVERVIEW**

The overall compliance of the final effluent with the Emission Limit Values (ELVs) is shown below. More detailed information on the below ELV's can be found in Section 2.

Discharge Point Reference	Treatment Plant	Discharge Type	Compliance Status	Parameters failing if relevant
TPEFF2600D0116SW001	ROSCOMMON WWTP	Treated	Compliant	N/A

# **1.4 LICENCE SPECIFIC REPORTING INCLUDED IN AER**

Assessment / Report	Included in AER
Small Stream Risk Score Assessment	Yes

# **2 TREATMENT PLANT PERFORMANCE AND IMPACT SUMMARY**

## 2.1 ROSCOMMON WWTP - TREATED DISCHARGE

#### 2.1.1 INFLUENT MONITORING SUMMARY - ROSCOMMON WWTP

A summary of influent monitoring for the treatment plant is presented below. This monitoring is primarily undertaken in order to determine the overall efficiency of the plant in removing pollutants from the raw wastewater.

Parameters	Number of Samples	Annual Max	Annual Mean
COD-Cr mg/l	13	1209	345.71
Suspended Solids mg/l	13	397	136.27
BOD, 5 days with Inhibition (Carbonaceous BOD) mg/I	13	504	117.73
Hydraulic Capacity	N/A	7276	3740

If other inputs in the form of sludge / leachate are added to the WWTP then these are included in Section 2.1.5 if applicable.

#### Significance of Results:

The annual mean hydraulic loading is less than the peak Treatment Plant Capacity. The annual maximum hydraulic loading is greater than the peak Treatment Plant Capacity. Further details on the plant capacity and efficiency can be found under the sectional 'Operational Performance Summary'. The design of the wastewater treatment plant allows for peak values and therefore the peak loads have not impacted on compliance with Emission Limit Values.

### 2.1.2 EFFLUENT MONITORING SUMMARY - TPEFF2600D0116SW001

Parameter	WWDL ELV (Schedule A)	ELV with Condition 2 Interpretation included Note 1	Interim % reduction from influent concentration	Number of sample results	Number of exceedances	Number of with Condition 2 Interpretation included	Annual Mean	Overall Compliance (Pass/Fail)
COD-Cr mg/l	125	250	N/A	13	0	0	24.12	Pass
Suspended Solids mg/l	35	87.5	N/A	13	0	0	8.25	Pass
pH pH units	9	9	N/A	13	0	0	7.25	Pass
BOD, 5 days with Inhibition (Carbonaceous BOD) mg/l	7	14	N/A	13	0	0	2.92	Pass
ortho-Phosphate (as P) - unspecified mg/l	0.8	1.6	N/A	13	0	0	0.25	Pass
Ammonia-Total (as N) mg/l	0.5	0.6	N/A	13	0	0	0.09	Pass

Notes:

1 - This represents the Emission Limit Values after the Interpretation provided for under Condition 2 of the licence is applied

#### Cause of Exceedance(s):

Not applicable

#### Significance of Results:

The WWTP is compliant with the ELV's set in the Wastewater Discharge Licence.

## 2.1.3 AMBIENT MONITORING SUMMARY FOR THE TREATMENT PLANT DISCHARGE TPEFF2600D0116SW001

A summary of monitoring from ambient monitoring points associated with the wastewater discharge is provided in the sections below. For discharges to rivers upstream (U/S) and downstream (D/S) location data is provided. For other ambient points in lakes, coastal or transitional waters, monitoring data from the most appropriate monitoring station is selected.

The table below provides details of ambient monitoring locations and details of any designations as sensitive areas.

Ambient Monitoring Point from WWDL (or as agreed with EPA)	Irish Grid Reference	River Station Code	Bathing Water	Drinking Water	FWPM	Shellfish	WFD Status
Upstream	186923, 260919	RS26R070250	No	No	No	No	Moderate
Downstream	188064, 261782	RS26H010300	No	No	No	No	Poor

The table below provides a summary of monitoring results for designated ambient monitoring points. The upstream and downstream annual mean values are shown (mg/l), and the difference between both monitoring stations is given as a percentage of the Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) where relevant.

Parameter Name	Upstream Monitoring Point Location	Upstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean	Downstream Monitoring Point Location	Downstream Monitoring Point Annual Mean	EQS	% of EQS
BOD - 5 days (Total) mg/l	RS26R070250	0.617	RS26H010300	1.156	1.5	35.9
Ammonia-Total (as N) mg/l	RS26R070250	0.076	RS26H010300	0.073	0.065	-3.1
ortho-Phosphate (as P) - unspecified mg/I	RS26R070250	0.02	RS26H010300	0.034	0.035	41.5

Dissolved Oxygen % Saturation	RS26R070250	82.783	RS26H010300	80.264	
Dissolved Oxygen mg/l	RS26R070250	8.867	RS26H010300	8.673	
pH pH units	RS26R070250	7.135	RS26H010300	7.231	
Temperature °C	RS26R070250	11.1	RS26H010300	10.982	

#### Significance of Results:

The WWTP discharge was compliant with the ELV's set in the wastewater discharge licence.

The ambient monitoring results do not meet the required EQS. The EQS relates to the Oxygenation and Nutrient Conditions set out in the Surface Water Regulations 2009.

Based on ambient monitoring results, a deterioration in BOD and Ortho-Phosphate concentrations downstream of the effluent discharge is noted.

A deterioration in water quality has been identified; however, it is not known if it is caused by the WWTP.

Other causes of deterioration in water quality in the area are unknown.

#### 2.1.4 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY - ROSCOMMON WWTP

#### 2.1.4.1 Treatment Efficiency Report - ROSCOMMON WWTP

Treatment efficiency is based on the removal of key pollutants from the influent wastewater by the treatment plant. In essence the calculation is based on the balance of load coming into the plant versus the load leaving the plant. The efficiency is presented as a percentage removal rate.

A summary presentation of the efficiency of the treatment process including information for all the parameters specified in the licence is included below:

Parameter	Influent mass loading (kg/year)	Effluent mass emission (kg/year)	Efficiency (% reduction of influent load)
TN	N/A	N/A	N/A
ТР	N/A	N/A	N/A
SS	187424	11369	94
COD	475476	33219	93
cBOD	161930	4023	98

Note: The above data is based on sample results for the number of dates reported

#### 2.1.4.2 Treatment Capacity Report Summary - ROSCOMMON WWTP

Treatment capacity is an assessment of the hydraulic (flow) and organic (the amount of pollutants) load a treatment plant is designed to treat versus the current loading of that plant.

ROSCOMMON WWTP	
Peak Hydraulic Capacity (m³/day) - As Constructed	7163
DWF to the Treatment Plant (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	2388
Current Hydraulic Loading - annual max (m³/day)	7276
Average Hydraulic loading to the Treatment Plant (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	3740
Organic Capacity (PE) - As Constructed	9550
Organic Capacity (PE) - Collected Load (peak week) <sup>Note1</sup>	7432

ROSCOMMON WWTP	
Organic Capacity (PE) - Remaining	2118
Will the capacity be exceeded in the next three years? (Yes/No)	No

Nominal design capacities can be based on conservative design principles. In some cases assessment of existing plants has shown organic capacities significantly higher than the nominal design capacity. Accordingly plants that appear to be overloaded when comparing a collected peak load with the nominal design capacity can be fully compliant due to the safety factors in the original design.

#### 2.1.5 SLUDGE / OTHER INPUTS - ROSCOMMON WWTP

'Other inputs' to the waste water treatment plant are summarised in table below

Input type	Quantity	Unit	P.E.	% of load to WWTP	Included in Influent Monitoring (Y/N)?	Is there a leachate/sludge acceptance procedure for the WWTP?	Is there a dedicated leachate/sludge acceptance facility for the WWTP? (Y/N)
Landfill Leachate (delivered by sewer network)	3098	Volume (m³)	38	0.5	No	No	No

# **3 COMPLAINTS AND INCIDENTS**

## **3.1 COMPLAINTS SUMMARY**

A summary of complaints of an environmental nature is included below.

Number of Complaints	Nature of Complaint	Number Open Complaints	Number Closed Complaints				
There were no relevant environmental complaints in 2019.							

## **3.2 REPORTED INCIDENTS SUMMARY**

Environmental incidents that arise in an agglomeration are reported on an on-going basis in accordance with our waste water discharge licences. Where an incident occurs and it is reportable under the licence, it is reported to the Environmental Protection Agency through their Environmental Data Exchange Network, or in some instances by telephone. Some incidents which arise in the agglomeration are recorded by Irish Water but may not be reportable under our licence for example where the incident does not have an impact on environmental performance.

A summary of reported incidents is included below.

#### **3.2.1 SUMMARY OF INCIDENTS**

Incident Type	Cause	No. of incident occurrences	Recurring (Y/N)	Closed (Y/N)
There were no reportable	There were no reportable incidents in 2019.			

### **3.2.2 SUMMARY OF OVERALL INCIDENTS**

Question	Answer
Number of Incidents in 2019	0
Number of Incidents reported to the EPA via EDEN in 2019	0
Explanation of any discrepancies between the two numbers above	N/A

# **4 INFRASTRUCTURAL ASSESSMENTS AND PROGRAMME OF IMPROVEMENTS**

## 4.1 STORM WATER OVERFLOW IDENTIFICATION AND INSPECTION REPORT

A summary of the operation of the storm water overflows and their significance where known is included below:

#### 4.1.1 SWO IDENTIFICATION

WWDL Name / Code for Storm Water Overflow	Irish Grid Ref.	Included in Schedule A4 of the WWDL	Significance of the overflow(High / Medium / Low)	Assessed against DoEHLG Criteria	No. of times activated in 2019 (No. of events)	Total volume discharged in 2019 (m3)	Monitoring Status
SW002	187437, 264098	Yes	Low	Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
SW004	187621, 264056	Yes	Medium	Not Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
SW007	187890, 261865	Yes	Low	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
твс	187009.261723455, 265442.710490152	No	Low	Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
твс	187897.919667661, 261867.843740167	No	Low	Not Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
твс	187940, 264564	No	Low	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

WWDL Name / Code for Storm Water Overflow	Irish Grid Ref.	Included in Schedule A4 of the WWDL	Significance of the overflow(High / Medium / Low)	Assessed against DoEHLG Criteria	No. of times activated in 2019 (No. of events)	Total volume discharged in 2019 (m3)	Monitoring Status
SW003	187698, 263481	Yes	Medium	Not Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
SW005	187940, 264564	Yes	Low	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
SW006	187940, 264564	Yes	Low	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Not Monitored
твс	187897.919667661, 261867.843740167	No	Low	Not Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
твс	TBC	No	Low	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
твс	TBC	No	Medium	Not yet Assessed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
твс	TBC	No	Unknown	Meeting	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

SWO Summary	
How much sewage was discharged via SWOs in the agglomeration in the year (m <sup>3</sup> )?	Unknown
Is each SWO identified as not meeting DoEHLG Guidance included in the Programme of Improvements?	Yes
The SWO Assessment included the requirements of relevant of WWDL schedules?	Yes
Have the EPA been advised of any additional SWOs / changes to Schedule C3 and A4 under Condition 1.7?	N/A

# 4.2 REPORT ON PROGRESS MADE AND PROPOSALS BEING DEVELOPED TO MEET THE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME REQUIREMENTS.

#### 4.2.1 SPECIFIED IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME SUMMARY

A wastewater discharge licence may require a number of reports on specific subject areas to be prepared for the agglomeration in question. These reports are submitted to the EPA as part of the Annual Environmental Report. This section provides list of the various reports required for this agglomeration and a brief summary of their recommendations.

Specified Improvement Programmes (under Schedule A and C of WWDL)	Description	Licence Schedule	Licence Completion Date	Date Expired? (N/NA/Y)	Status of Works	Timeframe for Completing the Work	Comments
D0116-SIP:01	SW002 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:05	SW006 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:06	SW007 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:02	SW003 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:03	SW004 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:04	SW005 to be discontinued	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	
D0116-SIP:07	Works required to meet ELVs	С	31/12/2019	No	At Planning Stage	01/11/2022	

D0116-SIP:08 Works to faci discontinua dischare	tion of C	31/12/2019	No	Work ongoing on- site	Unknown	
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A summary of the status of any improvements identified by under Condition 5.2 is included below.

## 4.2.2 IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME SUMMARY

Improvement	Improvement Description / or any Operational	Improvement	Expected Completion	Comments
Identifier	Improvements	Source	Date	
There are no Improvem	nent Programmes for this Agglomeration.			

## **4.2.3 SEWER INTEGRITY RISK ASSESSMENT**

The utilisation of multiple capital maintenance programmes and the outputs of the workshops with the Local Authority Operations Staff held under the programme can be used to satisfy the requirements of Condition 5 regarding network integrity. Improvement works identified by way of these programmes and workshops will be included in the Improvements Summary Table.

# **5 LICENCE SPECIFIC REPORTS**

A wastewater discharge licence may require a number of reports on specific subject areas to be prepared for the agglomeration in question. These reports are submitted to the EPA as part of the Annual Environmental Report. This section provides list of the various reports required for this agglomeration and a brief summary of their recommendations.

Licence Specific Report	Required by licence	Year included in AER	Included in this AER	Reference to relevant section of AER
Priority Substances Assessment	Yes	2014	No	
Small Stream Risk Score Assessment	Yes	2018	Yes	5.2

## **5.1 PRIORITY SUBSTANCES ASSESSMENT**

The Priority Substances Assessment Report has been included in the 2014 AER.

# **5.2 SMALL STREAM RISK SCORE ASSESSMENT**

The Small Stream Risk Score Assessment Report is included in Appendix 7.1 - Small Stream Risk Score Assessment. A summary of the findings of this report is included below.

Parameter	Value
Condition 5 Improvement Programme Reference	N/A
Does SSRS indicate discharges are posing a pollution risk?	No

Parameter	Value
Does improvement programme include any procedural and/or infrastructural works?	No
Downstream SSRS Water Quality Risk	Probably Not At Risk
SSRS Required?	Yes
Upstream SSRS Water Quality Risk	The Stream is at Risk
What is Downstream SSRS?	5.6
What is Upstream SSRS?	8.8

# **6 CERTIFICATION AND SIGN OFF**

# **6.1 SUMMARY OF AER CONTENTS**

Parameter	Answer
Does the AER include an Executive Summary?	Yes
Does the AER include an assessment of the performance of the Waste Water Works (i.e. have the results of assessments been interpreted against WWDL requirements and or Environmental Quality Standards)?	Yes
Is there a need to advise the EPA for consideration of a Technical Amendment / Review of the licence?	No
List reason e.g. additional SWO identified	N/A
Is there a need to request/advise the EPA of any modification to the existing WWDL with respect to condition 4 changes to monitoring location, frequency etc.	No
List reason e.g. changes to monitoring requirements	N/A
Have these processes commenced?	N/A
Are all outstanding reports and assessments from previous AERs included as an appendix to this AER	No

I certify that the information given in this Annual Environmental Report is truthful, accurate and complete:

Signed: Date: 15/04/2020

This AER has been produced by Irish Water's Environmental Information System (EIMS) and has been electronically signed off in that system for and on behalf of,

Katherine Walshe

Acting Head of Environmental Regulation.

# 7 APPENDIX

#### Appendix

Appendix 7.1 - Small Stream Risk Score Assessment

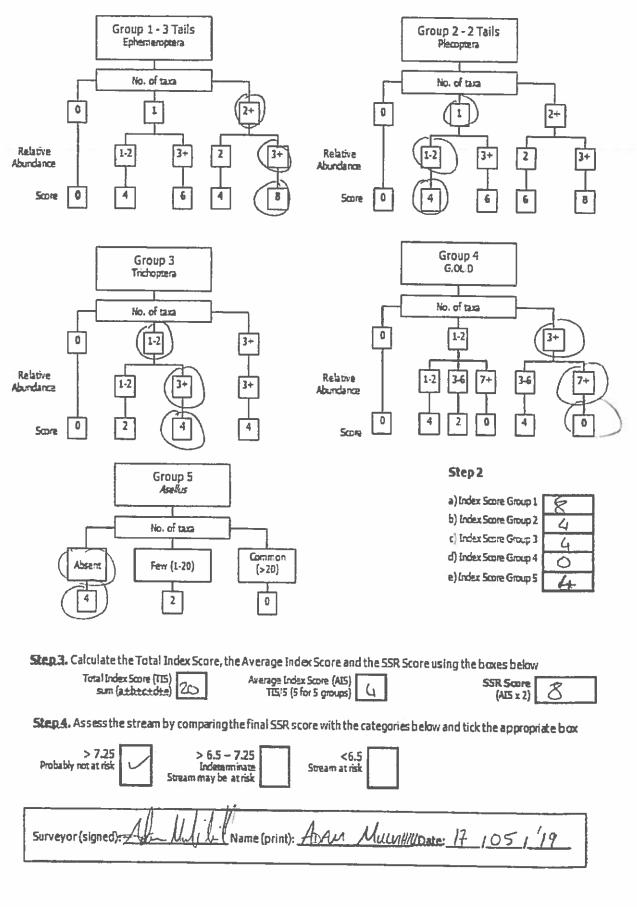
Small Stream Risk Score Assessment 2019 - Roscommon

19641579

River: Rock	SAVAGE	Code: 2	6ROT 025	Date:	17/05/	19	Time:	12:	(OC)		
Station no. 26/27 0250 Field Chemistry			Location:				Grid (6 figure):				
		Stream	Stream Order:				Stream flow:				
		Hodificati	Modifications: Y/H Canalised-widered-bank erosion-				Riffle GHe				
D0%	86.31	arterial drai	inage	8 8 6 6 6 7 7			Sowflow				
D0 mg/l	9.40	Dominant	DominantTypes: Bedrock								
Temp (*C)	11-3°C	Bedrock	Ilam	3							
Conductivity		Course 12				1					
рН		Gave 8-3	21111)								
Bank width (cm)	6000	Fine Grave	Fine Gravel (2-8mm)								
Werwidth (cm)	SICM	Sand (0.25-	Sand (0.25-2mm)								
Avg Depth (cm)	2500										
Statt gauge			Sloper Con-Medium - High - Very High					VILLA	- I my Mar		
Velocity	Colour	Geology:	Geology: Calcareous-Siceous-Hoad					Shading: High Moderate - Low - None			
Tomentiel	(None)						Cattle access Yrup	ன்கர்	- downstre	morN	
Fas	Stight	Loose Noma									
(Moderate (Slow)	Moderate High	Substrate	-	· .							
Very sow	esages	Oney bot		Photo: Y/N							
Clarity	Discharge	Discharge Degree of siltation: Clean Sight Moderate-Heavy									
(Very dear ))	Flood		nud: None	(c107: 1.50	m: 5-10cm=	>10m					
Clear	Normal			t Moderate							
		Elamento	/								
Slightly turbid	Low	None - Pres	sent - Mod	erate-Abund	ant		Sewage Fungus: (None Present Moderate - Abundant				
Highly turbid	Very Low	Hain Land	useu/s:		Sample		Sampled in Hints	2	- maging and		
	Dry	Pasture		Urban	retained	1:	Pondnetx Zm	ins			
	Recent Floo			Tilage	Y/N		Stone wash x				
		Forestry		Other			Weedsweepx !				
General Commen	5:						meed smeep x (	(+ ba	-		
Macroinvertebrate Composition The macroinvertebrates are divided into the following 5 specific groups Group 1 = Ephemeroptera (3-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 2 = Peroptera (2-tails) - note that tails may be damaged during sampling Group 3 = Trichontera									<b>Relative</b> Abundan 1-5 6-20 21-50		
• Group 4 = G	oda Oligochesta.	L Olgochesta and Diptara)						51-100	4		
<ul> <li>Group 5 = A</li> <li>Calculate the</li> </ul>	متحاصر مرجع أمم	ava and relative abundance of each macroinventebrate grow				D balow: (Abundance - Ab)					
	C WORTHONIDO						up below: (Abundance-	- ADJ			
Ephemeroptera:		Fatroun		Piecop	tera:				euara Ab		
		Rhebmoan		_					opeda Ab		
		the second se	Hentagenia Ab Z				Animaenura Ab				
			Enhemenella Ab				Azobiaeaura Ab				
		GeocitAb				Assta Ab 1					
		raleomobiebie Ab				DioacasAb					
		Ephemera dania				-		Other	Piecop Ab		
		Other Ephen						Other P	acon Ab		
Total no. of tax		I Relative Alandari			o. of Taxa	11	Total Relat				
Inchaptera:	Hydropsy		G.OLD:	Lymnas			Chimoconidae (D) Ab	2	Aselus:		
1 5	Polymentop		4	Painterstal			Chinocottus(D) Ab		Abset		
		natia Ab		Plannt			Simučidae (D) Ab	3	Few (1-20)		
	Philopota				s (G) Ab		Dicrapota (D) Ab		Common		
3	itatione Ab			ə (G) AL		<b>Jouidae</b> (D) Ab	I	(>20)			
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		abide Ab <	-	Eseniel			Other GOLD Ab		NOTE: A	ers	
	Legidostora						must be recorded as			36	
	Other Tricho								absentific	2012	
Total no. of Taxa	2 11	Abundance ()		Total co.	ofTzza /	<b>,</b>   .	Total Rolative Algorithmag	7	arefound		

NOTE Baetis is an Ephemeropteran and is the most commonly occurring invertebrate genus in streams in Ireland. It is vital that Baetis is not counted in SSRS. See Appendix B for more details on how to identify Baetis.

UPSTREAM



Step 1. Calculate the Index Score by circling the appropriate box representing the total number of taxa and the total abundance calculated from *each macroinvertebrate group* calculated from page 1 of the recording sheet and enter in to the boxes in Step 2.

19441580

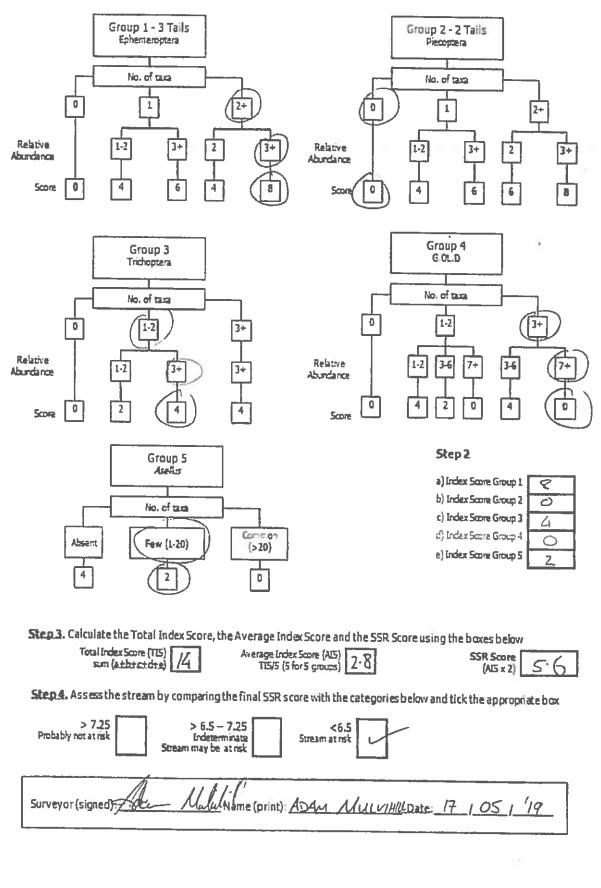
DIS

YOUNDIEC

River: HIND		Code: 26H	01 0300 Date	: 17/05/1	9 <b>Time:</b> (	100			
Station no.		Location:				Grid (6 figure):			
26HO1 0300		Stream On	der:		Stream flow:	Stream flow:			
Field Chemistry		Hodifications	रोग धान्यळलन	clened-hank en	Sime Riffle	Riffe			
00%	82.5	arterial drainag	e		Siow flow				
00 mg/l	8.67	Dominant Ty	pes:						
Temp ("C)	12.1°C	Bedrock Boulder (> 128/	ത്തി						
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рн		Gravel (8-32mi	្រំ (ព						
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(Moderate)	Moderate	Substratem							
Slow Very slow	High		Huddy bottom-M			Photo: Y// N)			
Clarity	Discharge	Degresofsili	tation (Dear) Sig	ht-Moderate-He	avy 🖉		1		
(Very clear )	Flood		d: tone diana 1						
Clear	Nomal		Present - Modera						
Slightly turbid	Low	Filamentous		1 .	Sewage Fungus	Sevage Fungus			
Highly turbid	Very Low	None - Present	t – Moderate - Abi	Sample		None - Present - Moderate - Abundant Satapled in Minutas			
	Dry	Pasture )	Urban	retained					
	Recent Flood	Bog	Tilage	YN	Stone wash x 1m				
		Forestry	Other		Weed sweep x / m				
<ul> <li>Group 1 = E</li> <li>Group 2 = E</li> </ul>	chemenomica (3 bronnea (2-raile	no the following 5: tails) note thatta ) - note that tails m la Ωigochasta and	ails may be came,	edduring same	lidae, indica guality	Abunda 1-5 6-20 21-50	1 2 3		
<ul> <li>Group 5 # /</li> </ul>	lead is					51-100			
Calculate th	e total number of	taxa and relative a	burdance of each	macroinvension	ategroup below: (Ábundance-	- Ab)	-		
Ephenemptera:		Empound A		opters:		LevaraAb			
		Rhithmanna Ab	the second se			Aspendia No			
	1.	Hestapenia Ab				Protestation Ab			
		Enhemeneta Ab				Caphinemum Ab			
		<b>Geosis</b> Ab				Barta Ab	43		
		taralegooohlebig Al				DinorasAb			
		ohemera dunica N		· · · ·		Other Biecon Ab			
		Other Ephem Al				Other Blacop Ab			
Total no. of tax		Interitie Atomitience		no. of Taxa		tive Abundance	0		
Trichoptera:	Hydropsychi			GAG (G) AS	Chimonomidae (D) Ab				
	Polymentropod	dae Ab		ALC (G) AL	Chimannus(D) Ab		EO.		
	Rhyan			orbis (G) Ab	Simulative (D) Ab		_		
	Abyarro Philipptami	dae Ab	63	ate (G) At	Dictance (D) Ab	Commo	m		
	Rhyame Philopotami Limoenhi	char Ab char Ab	<u>83</u> 8	to (G) Ab	Dictanoca (D) Ab Jipuédae (D) Ab	Commo	m		
	Rhyam Philopotam Limoenhi Steicosoma	chan: Ab chan: Ab chan: Ab	An B Lumbic	2245(G) Ab 2253(G) Ab / 245(Q)) Ab	Dicanota (D) Ab Isoutidae (D) Ab Cesatapogenidae (C) 45	/ Commo / (>20	m D}		
	Abyarro Philopotam Limoschi Sericotomar Glossosmar	dae Ab dae Ab idae Ab idae Ab	An E Luxaboo Eseo	2:45 (G) Ab 1:22 (G) Ab 1:22 (Q) Ab 1:23 (Q) Ab	Dictanoca (D) Ab Jipuédae (D) Ab	/ Commo / (>2/ NOTE: must be	n D) Aselius		
	Rhyam Philopotam Limoenhi Steicosoma	dae Ab dae Ab idae Ab idae Ab idae Ab	An E Luxaboo Eseo	2245(G) Ab 2253(G) Ab / 245(Q)) Ab	Dicanota (D) Ab Isoutidae (D) Ab Cesatapogenidae (C) 45	/ Commo / (>2/ NOTE: must be recorder	n D) Asellus das		
Total no. of Tata	Rhyamo Ebilgotani Limoenhi Sericostomar Giossosomar Lenichstomar Other Trichom	dae Ab dae Ab idae Ab idae Ab idae Ab	An E Luszboc Esen Tubic	2:45 (G) Ab 1:22 (G) Ab 1:22 (Q) Ab 1:23 (Q) Ab	Dicanota (D) Ab Isoutidae (D) Ab Cesatapogenidae (C) 45	Comme / (>2/ NOTE: must be recorder absent i	Asellus das finone		

NOTE *Baetis* is an Ephemeropteran and is the most commonly occurring invertebrate genus in streams in Ireland. It is vital that *Baetis* is not counted in SSR5. See Appendix B for more details on how to Identify *Baetis*.

DOWNSTREAM



Step 1. Calculate the Index Score by circling the appropriate box representing the total number of taxa and the total abundance calculated from *each macroinvertebrate group* calculated from page 1 of the recording sheet and enter in to the boxes in Step 2.